Online Appendix (March 22, 2017) to "Revenue Ranking of Optimally Biased Contests:

the Case of Two Players," by Christian Ewerhart

Detailed proof of Lemma A.1. Let  $\mu^* = (\mu_1^*, \mu_2^*)$  and  $\mu^{**} = (\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**})$  be equilibria in  $\mathcal{C}(V_1, V_2, r)$ .

Then, since  $\mu_1^*$  is a best response to  $\mu_2^*$ ,

$$p_1(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^*)V_1 - E[x_1|\mu_1^{**}] \le p_1(\mu_1^*, \mu_2^*)V_1 - E[x_1|\mu_1^*], \tag{12}$$

or equivalently,

$$p_1(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^*) - p_1(\mu_1^*, \mu_2^*) \le \frac{E[x_1|\mu_1^{**}] - E[x_1|\mu_1^*]}{V_1}.$$
 (13)

But winning probabilities add up to one, so that (13) may be written as

$$p_2(\mu_1^*, \mu_2^*) - p_2(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^*) \le \frac{E[x_1 | \mu_1^{**}] - E[x_1 | \mu_1^*]}{V_1}.$$
 (14)

Next, since  $\mu_2^{**}$  is a best response to  $\mu_1^{**}$ ,

$$p_2(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^*)V_2 - E[x_2|\mu_2^*] \le p_2(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**})V_2 - E[x_2|\mu_2^{**}], \tag{15}$$

or equivalently,

$$p_2(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^*) - p_2(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**}) \le \frac{E[x_2 | \mu_2^*] - E[x_2 | \mu_2^{**}]}{V_2}.$$
 (16)

Adding inequalities (14) and (16) up, one finds

$$p_2(\mu_1^*, \mu_2^*) - p_2(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**}) \le \frac{E[x_1|\mu_1^{**}] - E[x_1|\mu_1^*]}{V_1} + \frac{E[x_2|\mu_2^*] - E[x_2|\mu_2^{**}]}{V_2}.$$
 (17)

Repeating the exercise with the roles of  $\mu^*$  and  $\mu^{**}$  exchanged shows that

$$p_2(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**}) - p_2(\mu_1^{*}, \mu_2^{*}) \le \frac{E[x_1|\mu_1^{*}] - E[x_1|\mu_1^{**}]}{V_1} + \frac{E[x_2|\mu_2^{**}] - E[x_2|\mu_2^{*}]}{V_2}, \tag{18}$$

so that (17) is an equality. But then, also all the inequalities on the way, such as (12) and (15), as
well as their counterparts with  $\mu^*$  and  $\mu^{**}$  exchanged, must also be equalities. Therefore,  $\Pi_1(\mu_1^*, \mu_2^{**}) =$   $\Pi_1(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**}) \geq \Pi_1(\mu_1, \mu_2^{**})$  and  $\Pi_1(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**}) = \Pi_1(\mu_1^{*}, \mu_2^{**}) \geq \Pi_1(\mu_1, \mu_2^{**})$  for any  $\mu_1 \in \mathcal{M}_1$ , and  $\Pi_2(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**}) =$   $\Pi_1(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**}) \geq \Pi_1(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**})$  and  $\Pi_2(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**}) = \Pi_2(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**}) \geq \Pi_1(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2)$  for any  $\mu_2 \in \mathcal{M}_2$ , so that both  $(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**})$  and  $(\mu_1^{**}, \mu_2^{**})$  are equilibria as well.  $\square$